

201-103-RE - Supplement B: One-Sided Limits and Continuity

Evaluate the following limits using ∞ , $-\infty$ and “does not exist” where appropriate.

$$(1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{3-x}{x-1}$$

$$(2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{6x-x^2}{x-3}$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{4x}{2-x}$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x^2-1}{x-2}$$

$$(5) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} \frac{9-x^2}{x-4}$$

$$(6) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{2x}{2x-6}$$

$$(7) \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{x^2+2x}{x^2-1}$$

$$(8) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{3x+4}{x-2}$$

$$(9) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{2x^2-5x-3}{x^3-3x^2-4x+12}$$

$$(10) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+x-2}$$

$$(11) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{\sqrt{3-x}}{x^2-9}$$

Evaluate the following limits using ∞ , $-\infty$ and “does not exist” where appropriate.

$$(12) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x^2+x-6}{|2-x|}$$

$$(13) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{|9-3x|}{x^2-9}$$

$$(14) \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{4x^2+9x+2}{|4-x^2|}$$

For the following questions, find the discontinuities of the given function.

$$(15) r(x) = \frac{x^2+2x-3}{x^2-1}$$

$$(16) q(x) = \begin{cases} 4x-1 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ 2-x^2 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(17) f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x}+2 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \\ 4-x+x^2 & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(18) g(x) = \frac{x+2}{x^2+x-2}$$

$$(19) t(x) = \frac{3x^2}{6x+x^2}$$

$$(20) g(x) = \frac{x^2-2x-3}{x^2-9}$$

$$(21) h(x) = \begin{cases} x^2-1 & \text{if } x \leq -2 \\ 3x+1 & \text{if } x > -2 \end{cases}$$

$$(22) G(x) = \begin{cases} x^2+x & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ x^3 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

$$(23) h(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2-3x}$$

$$(24) f(x) = \frac{x^2}{4x-x^2}$$

$$(25) h(x) = \frac{4-x}{x^2-7x+12}$$

$$(26) f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-5 & \text{if } x < 2 \\ \sqrt{x-1} & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(27) f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x-1 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 2 & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 3x^2+1 & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(28) m(x) = \begin{cases} 11-x^2 & \text{if } x \geq -3 \\ |x+1| & \text{if } x < -3 \end{cases}$$

$$(29) s(x) = \frac{2-x}{x^2+2x-8}$$

$$(30) N(x) = \begin{cases} x^2+3 & \text{if } x < -2 \\ -2x+3 & \text{if } x > -2 \end{cases}$$

$$(31) p(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x+6} & \text{if } x > 3 \\ 6 & \text{if } x = 3 \\ x^2-6 & \text{if } x < 3 \end{cases}$$

$$(32) q(x) = \begin{cases} |x-1| & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ 2x^2 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

$$(33) g(x) = \frac{x^2-3x-4}{x^2-1}$$

$$(34) f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{x-1} & \text{if } x < 2 \\ \sqrt{6-x} & \text{if } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(35) \quad g(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{x^2 - 4} & \text{if } x > 1 \\ \frac{3}{x^2 - 1} & \text{if } x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(36) \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x^2 + 11x + 14}{x^2 + 7x + 10} & \text{if } x < -2 \\ \sqrt{x+3} & \text{if } -2 \leq x \leq 6 \\ \frac{3x^2 - 13x - 30}{x^2 - 10x + 24} & \text{if } x > 6 \end{cases}$$

For the following questions, find all the possible values of k such that the given function is continuous over \mathbb{R} .

$$(37) \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 12 & \text{if } x \leq -3 \\ kx + 3 & \text{if } -3 < x < 5 \\ -12 & \text{if } x \geq 5 \end{cases}$$

$$(39) \quad h(x) = \begin{cases} -x^2 - 5k & \text{if } x < 2 \\ k^2 - \frac{20}{x} & \text{if } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(41) \quad F(x) = \begin{cases} kx^2 + 2k^2x - 4 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ 4kx^2 + k^2x + 6 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(38) \quad g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 4k & \text{if } x \geq 5 \\ 2x + 9 & \text{if } x < 5 \end{cases}$$

$$(40) \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x - 1} & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ k^2 & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(42) \quad G(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + k^2x & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ 5k + 7x & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(42) \quad k = -2 \text{ or } k = 5$$

$$(41) \quad k = -2 \text{ or } k = 6$$

$$(40) \quad k = \pm 2$$

$$(39) \quad k = -6 \text{ or } k = 1$$

$$(38) \quad k = -1$$

$$(37) \quad k = -3$$

$$(36) \quad x = 5 - x \quad 9$$

$$(35) \quad x = 1, x = 2$$

$$(34) \quad x = 1, \text{ discontinuous if } x < 6$$

$$(33) \quad x = 1, x = -1$$

$$(32) \quad \text{No discontinuity.}$$

$$(31) \quad x = 3$$

$$(30) \quad x = -2$$

$$(29) \quad x = -4, x = 2$$

$$(28) \quad \text{No discontinuity.}$$

$$(27) \quad x = 1$$

$$(26) \quad x = 2$$

$$(25) \quad x = 3, x = 4$$

$$(24) \quad x = 4, x = 0$$

$$(23) \quad x = 0, x = 3$$

$$(22) \quad x = -1$$

$$(21) \quad x = -2$$

$$(20) \quad x = -3, x = 0$$

$$(19) \quad x = -6, x = 0$$

$$(18) \quad x = 1, x = -2$$

$$(17) \quad x = 1$$

$$(16) \quad x = 1$$

$$(15) \quad x = -1, x = 1$$

$$(14) \quad 7/4$$

$$(13) \quad -1/2$$

$$(12) \quad 5$$

$$(11) \quad -\infty$$

$$(10) \quad 2/3$$

$$(9) \quad 7/5$$

$$(8) \quad -\infty$$

$$(7) \quad -\infty$$

$$(6) \quad \infty -$$

$$(5) \quad \infty -$$

$$(4) \quad \infty -$$

$$(3) \quad \infty -$$

$$(2) \quad \infty -$$

$$(1) \quad \infty$$

ANSWERS: